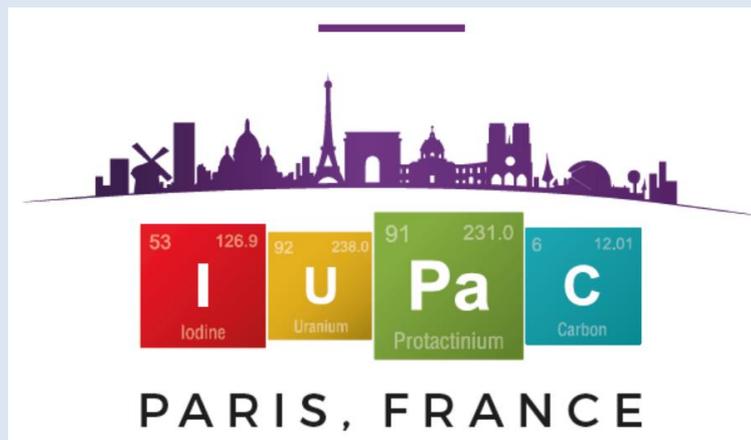


Systems Thinking to Educate about the Molecular Basis of Sustainability

50th General Assembly
& 47th IUPAC World
Chemistry Congress

"Frontiers in Chemistry:
Let's create our Future!
100 years with IUPAC"



Peter Mahaffy



Stephen Matlin



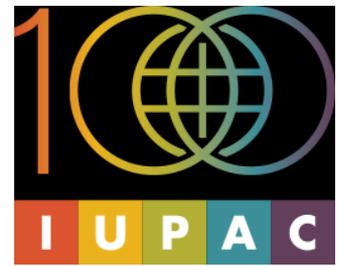
@peter.mahaffy



@iupac

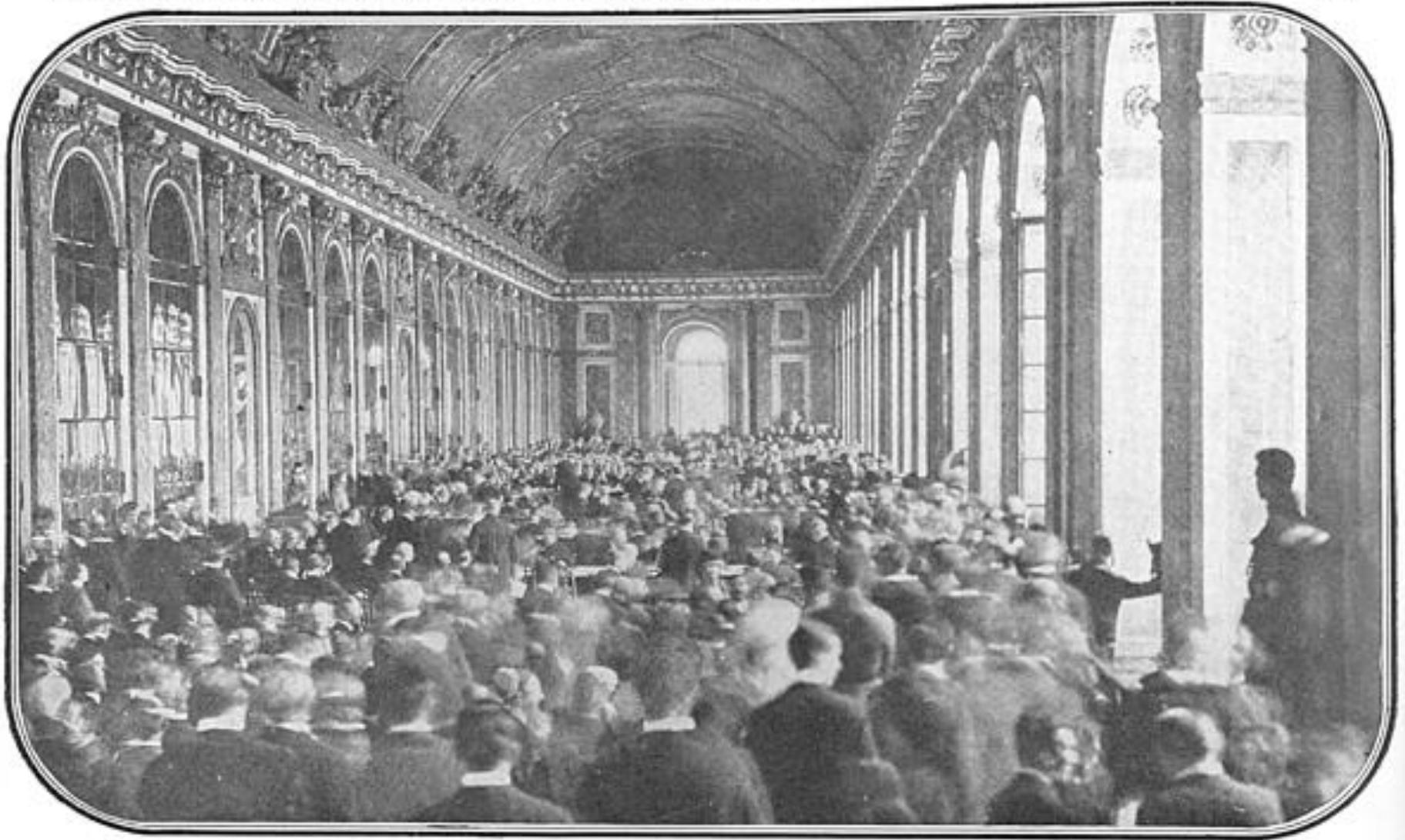
#IUPAC2019Paris

IUPAC's World in 1919



The Greatest Moment in History

Exclusive Photographs by HELEN JOHNS KIRTLAND and LUCIAN SWIFT KIRTLAND, Leslie's Staff Correspondents



The signing of the Peace Treaty at Versailles on June 28th formally ended the greatest war in the history of the world, and as the German delegates attached their signatures the thoughts of many turned back to the days of 1871 when Bismarck imposed his stern conditions on the French delegates in the same hall.

Versailles/Paris Peace Treaty marking end of "The Chemist's War."

IUPAC's World in 1919



IUPAC Mission/Vision (2019)

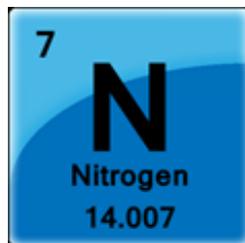
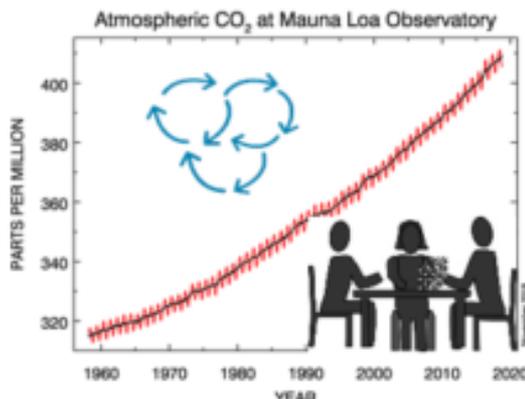
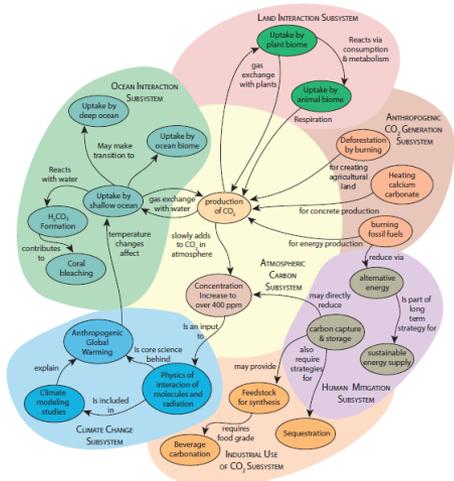


- ...Application and communication of chemical knowledge for the benefit of humankind and the world.
- Fostering sustainable development, providing a common language for chemistry, and advocating the free exchange of scientific information.

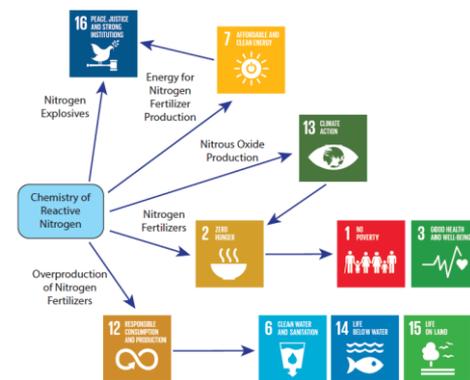
Systems Thinking to Educate about the
Molecular Basis of Sustainability



Systems thinking in Chemistry Education



ST tools and boundaries: SOCMEs



Molecular Basis of Sustainability



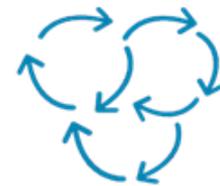
Next Steps for STICE

Why Systems Thinking in Chemistry Education?

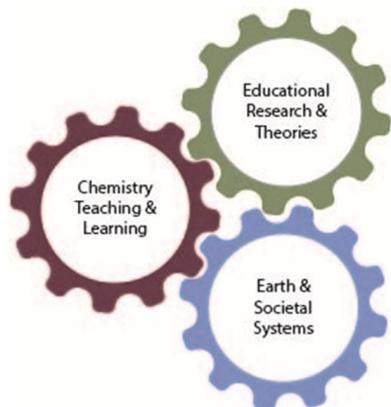
*Complexity requires specialization in the pursuit of discovery as we deepen our understanding of the modern world and create the knowledge needed to resolve current dilemmas and improve the quality of life. In this process, we continually **fractionate knowledge**, analyzing the pieces in greater and greater depth. We have trained our 20th century professional quite well in this task— it's a global strength we must sustain— but what additional skill will be demanded of 21st century leaders?*

Joseph Bordogna in PKAL, What Works, Vol. I, **1991**

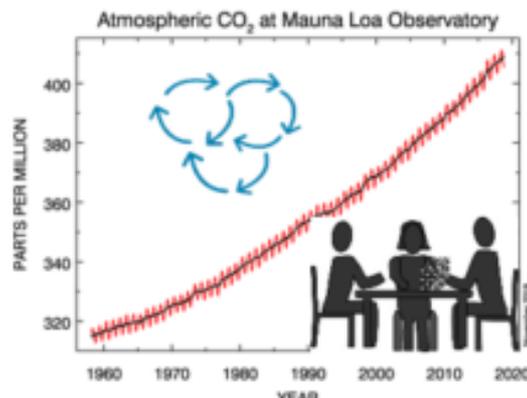
Systems Thinking



- Systems Thinking*: Use **tools, strategies, and cognitive frameworks** to:
 - Visualize **interconnections and relationships among components** of complex, dynamic systems.
 - Examine how **behavior of the system changes over time**.
 - Understand how **systems-level phenomena emerge** from interactions among the system parts.



Systems thinking in Chemistry Education

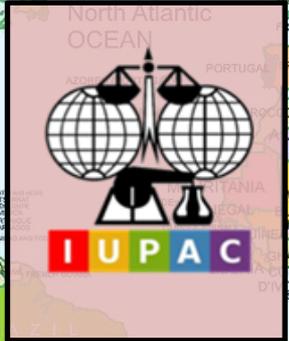
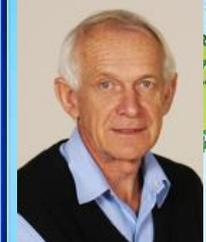
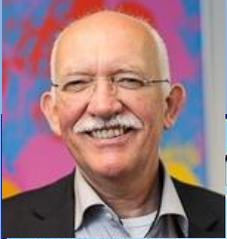


I U P A C

International Union of Pure
and Applied Chemistry

Systems Thinking in Chemistry Education (STICE)
An IUPAC Project

How might systems thinking apply to Chem Ed, and how can that help the next generation address emerging global challenges?

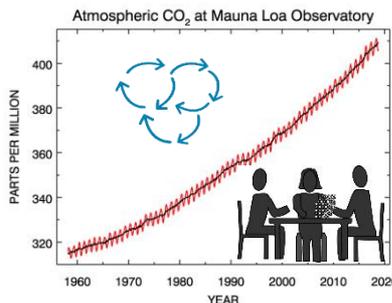


Features of learning processes applied to the unique challenges of learning chemistry

Theoretical frameworks of learning, learning progressions and the social contexts for learning

Chemistry teaching and learning

Learner systems



Earth and societal systems

Elements that orient chemistry education toward meeting societal and environmental needs

Framework for Systems Thinking in Chemistry Education

Mahaffy, Matlin, Krief, Hopf, Meta, "Reorienting Chemistry Education through Systems Thinking"



Journal of Chemical Education Call for Papers—Special Issue on Reimagining Chemistry Education: Systems Thinking, and Green and Sustainable Chemistry

Peter G. Mahaffy,^{*,†} Edward J. Brush,[‡] Julie A. Haack,[§] and Felix M. Ho^{||}

[†]Department of Chemistry, The King's University, Edmonton, Alberta T6B 2H3, Canada

[‡]Department of Chemical Sciences, Bridgewater State University, Bridgewater, Massachusetts 02325, United States

[§]Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, University of Oregon, Eugene, Oregon 97403, United States

^{||}Department of Chemistry, Ångström Laboratory, Uppsala University, SE-751 20 Uppsala, Sweden

ABSTRACT: The *Journal of Chemical Education* announces a call for papers for an upcoming special issue on Reimagining Chemistry Education: Systems Thinking, and Green and Sustainable Chemistry.

KEYWORDS: *High School/Introductory Chemistry, First-Year Undergraduate/General, Upper-Division Undergraduate, Curriculum, Environmental Chemistry, Interdisciplinary/Multidisciplinary, Problem Solving/Decision Making, Green Chemistry, Learning Theories, Student-Centered Learning, Systems Thinking, Sustainability*

Tom Holme
 Associate Editor
 J. Chem. Educ.



Systems Thinking in Chemistry Education (STICE) Progress to Date

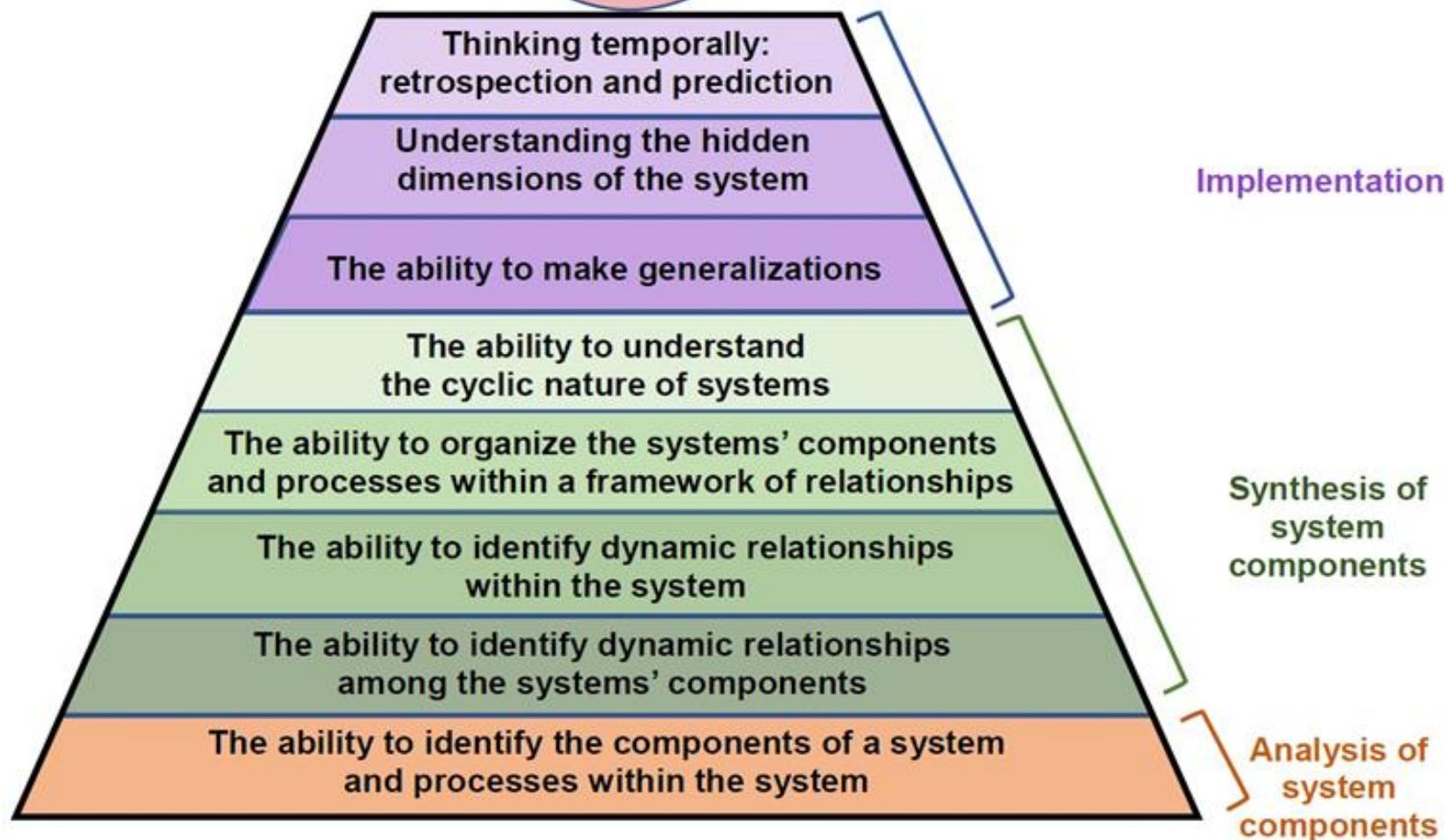
- STICE - Definition, purpose, preliminary framework
- Review of ST in other STEM fields
- Challenges of dealing with complexity
- ST skills and competencies
- ST tools and visualizations
- ST to address global challenges – the molecular basis of sustainability
- Learning frameworks to guide use of STICE
- ST and educational standards related to chemistry

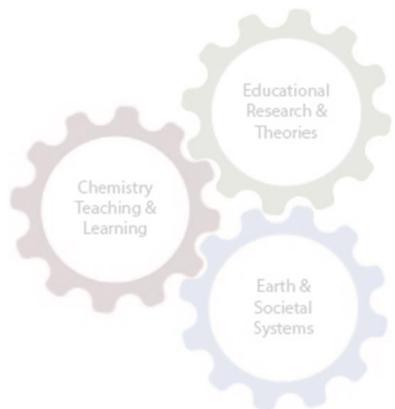
Systems Thinking in Chemistry Education (STICE) Progress to Date

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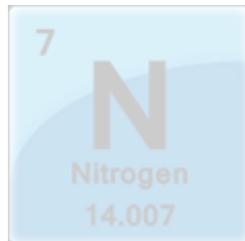
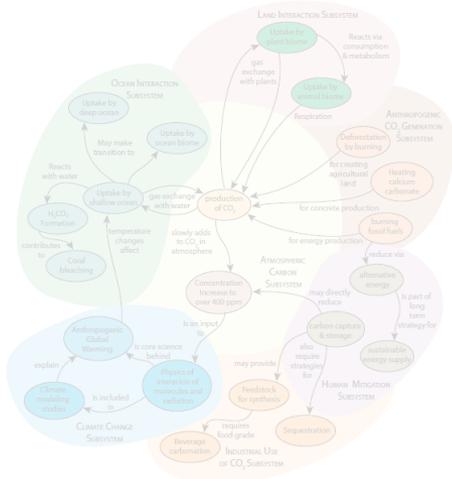
Systems thinking

ST Skills and Competencies

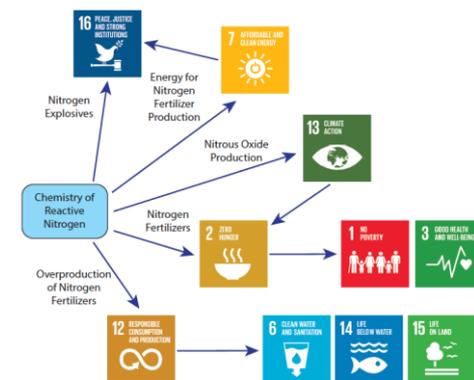
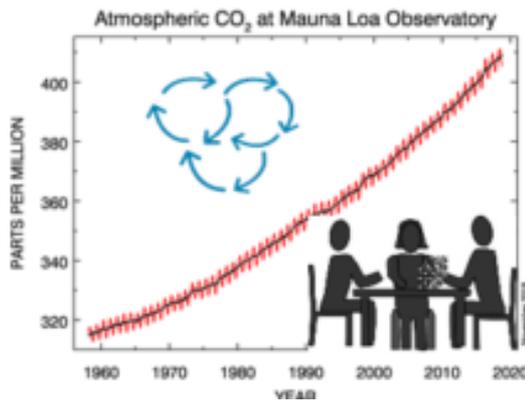




Systems thinking in Chemistry Education



ST tools and boundaries: SOCMEs

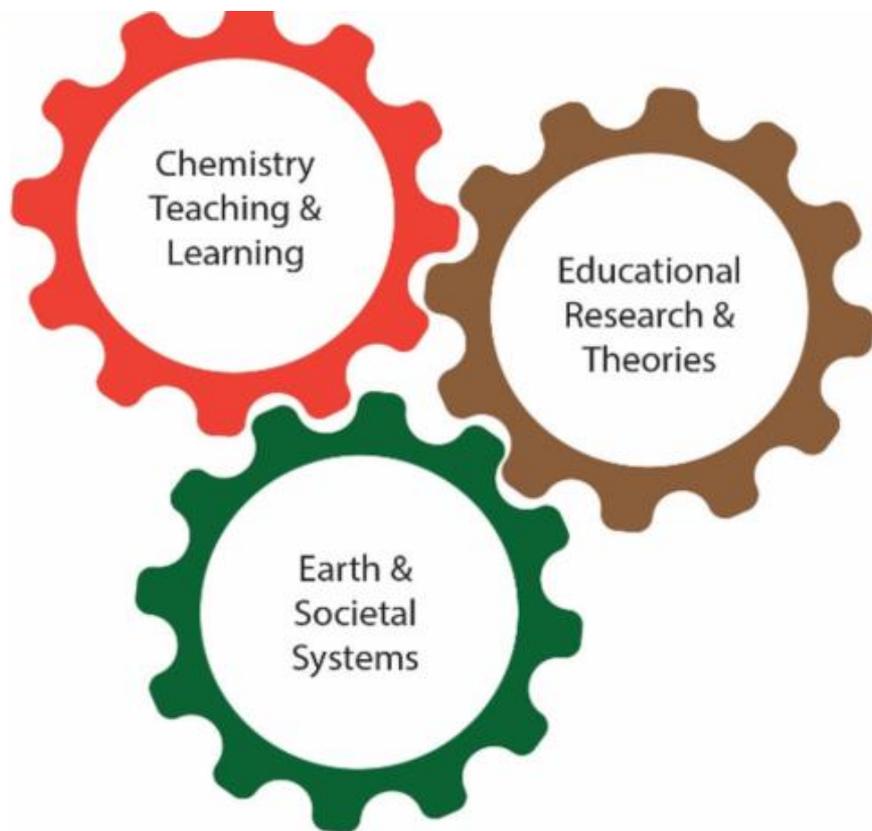


Molecular Basis of Sustainability



Next Steps for STICE

Earth and Societal Systems Node – Steering Group



- Tom Holme, Iowa State University
- Jennifer MacKellar and David Constable, Green Chemistry Institute, ACS
- Peter Mahaffy, King's University
- Stephen Matlin, Imperial College



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International Union of Pure
and Applied Chemistry

The molecular basis of sustainability

Many environmental issues have molecular considerations

Anastas, P. T., Zimmerman, J. B. The molecular basis of sustainability. *Chem* **2016**, *1*, 10–12

nature
chemistry

The molecular basis of sustainability

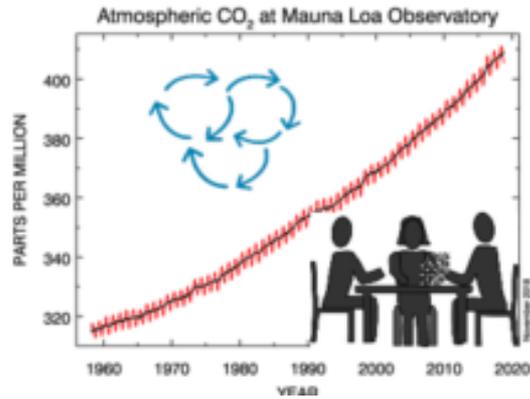
- The flow of material and energy is integral to all aspects of society and the environment.
 - Chemistry understands and controls matter through activities to analyze, synthesize, and transform substances.
 - Chemistry and chemistry education have a special responsibility to address the sustainability of earth and societal systems.
 - Molecular basis of sustainability: *“The ways in which the material basis of society and economy underlie considerations of how present and future generations can live within the limits of the natural world.”*
 - MBOS: Crucial, but largely invisible aspect of sustainability
- Many environmental issues have molecular considerations

Matlin, Mehta, Hopf, Krief, “One-world chemistry and systems thinking,” (2016), 8, 393-398.



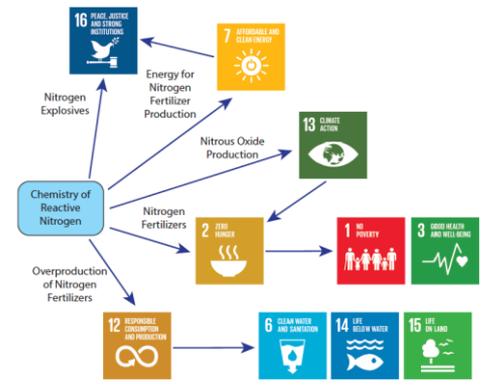
Mahaffy, Matlin, Holme, MacKellar, “Systems Thinking for Education about the Molecular Basis of Sustainability,” (2019), 2, 362–370.





Molecular Basis of Sustainability

World is 'on notice' as major UN report shows one million species face extinction



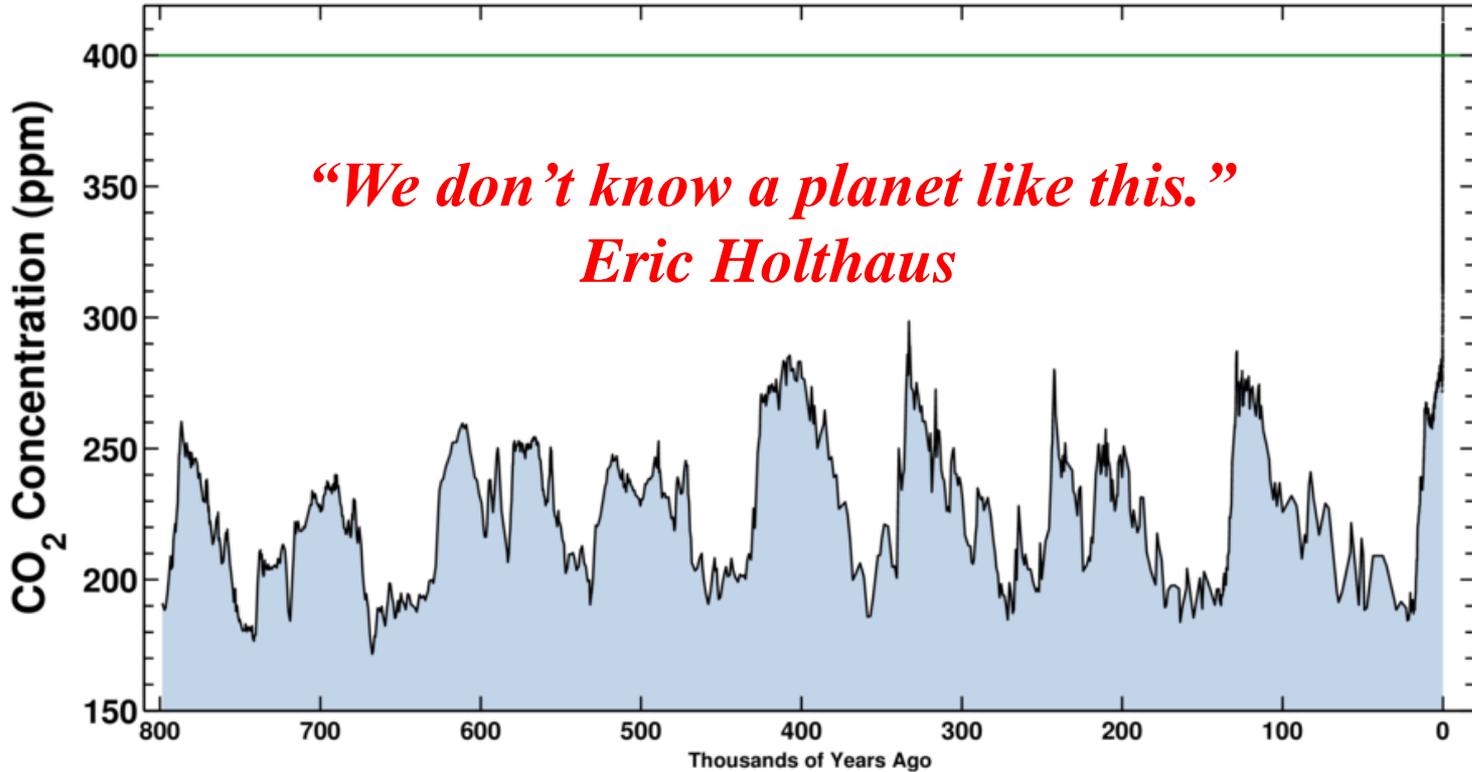
Molecular Basis of Sustainability

There is more CO₂ in the atmosphere today than any point since the evolution of humans

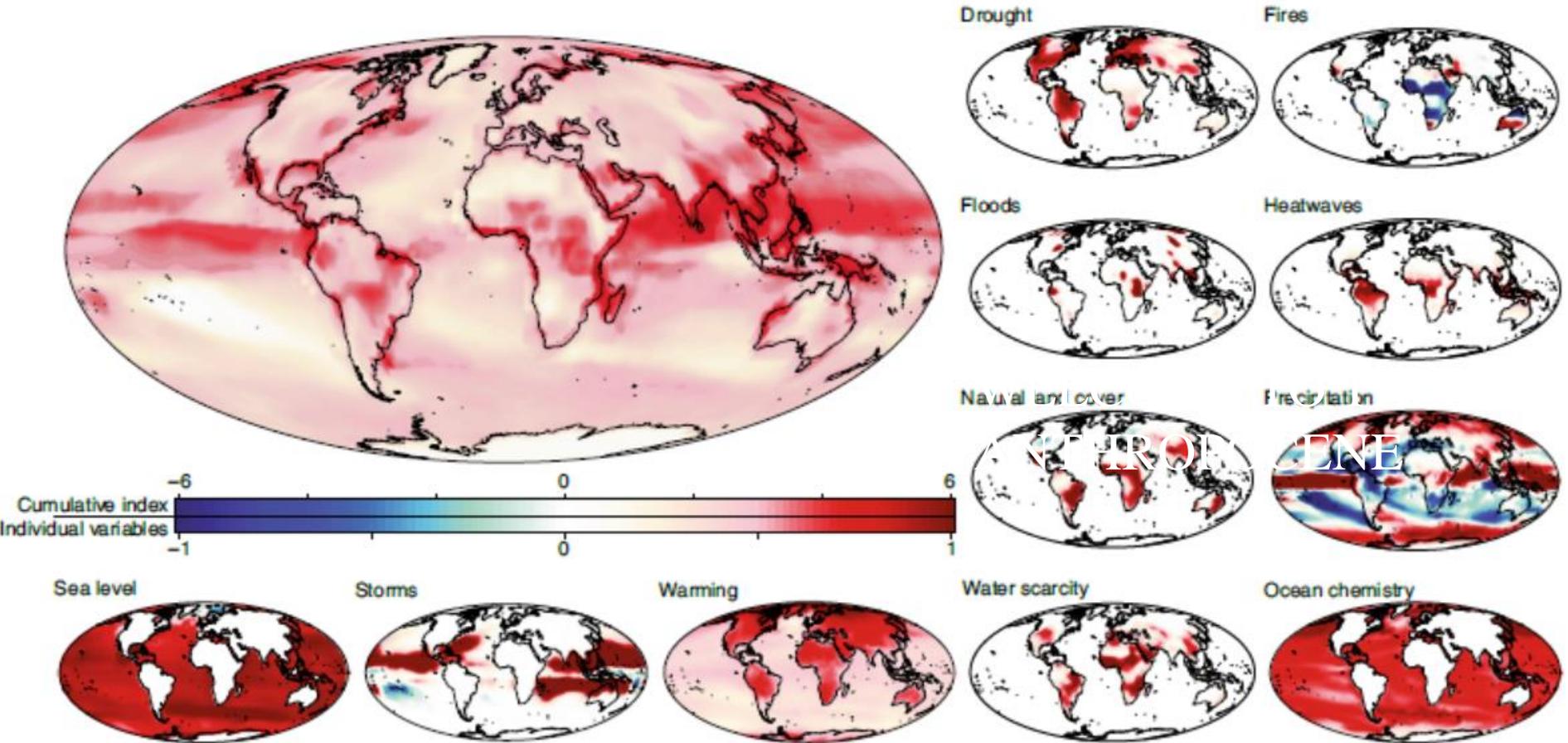
Latest CO₂ reading
May 18, 2019

415.02 ppm

Ice-core data before 1958. Mauna Loa data after 1958.



***“We don’t know a planet like this.”
Eric Holthaus***



467 traceable pathways for impacts on human health, water, food, economy, infrastructure and security by multiple climate hazards

The molecular basis of sustainability

Two global sustainability agendas



169 targets require strategies based on consideration of systems rooted in the flow of materials and energy: Fundamental chemistry at the heart

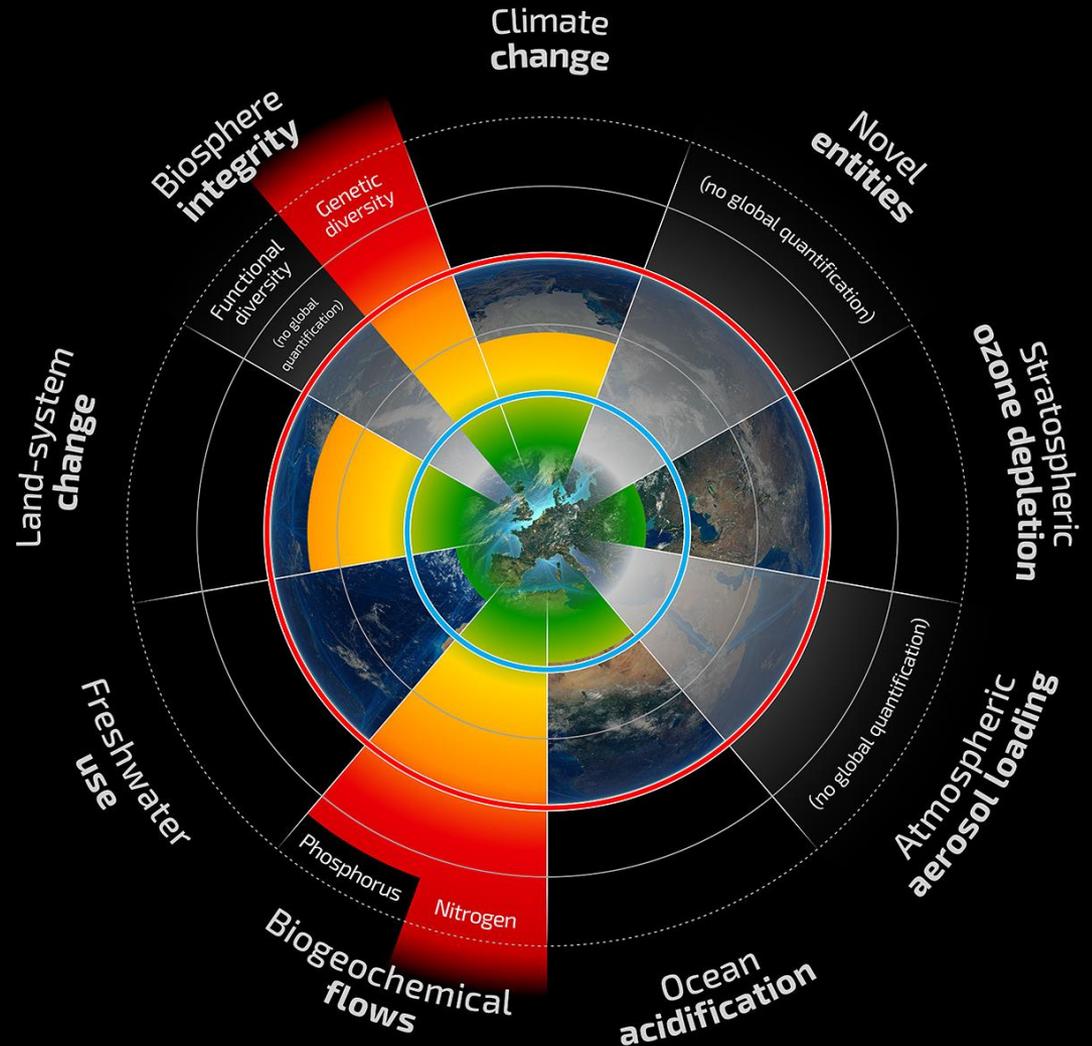
Planetary boundaries

Guiding human development on a changing planet

Steffen et. al. Science, Jan 16, 2015

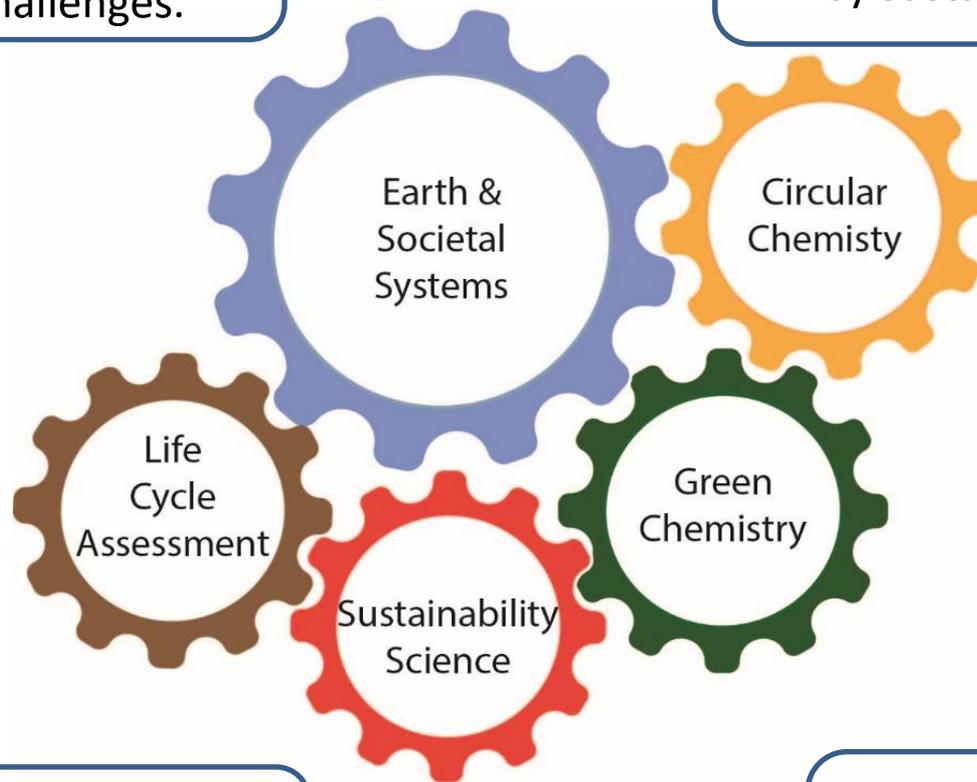
- Beyond zone of uncertainty (high risk)
- In zone of uncertainty (increasing risk)
- Below boundary (safe)
- Boundary not yet quantified

Two core boundaries—
climate change and
biosphere integrity—
have been identified,
each of which has the
potential on its own to
drive the Earth System
into a new state should
they be substantially and
persistently
transgressed.



Recognize the material basis of society as a core element in sustainability challenges.

Shape the practice of chemistry by sustainability science



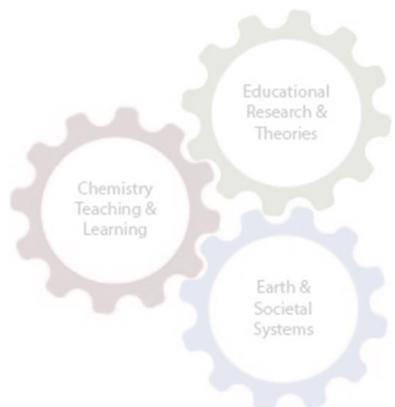
Educate about the *molecular basis of sustainability using systems thinking

Reorient chemistry education to address the sustainability of earth and societal systems

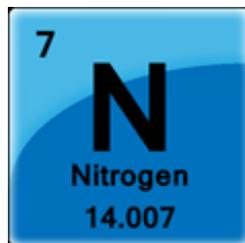
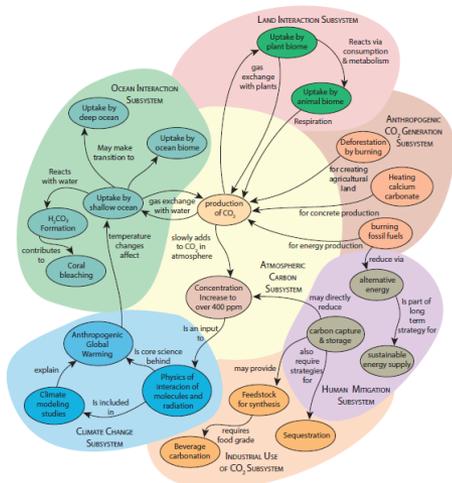
**The ways in which the material basis of our society and economy underlie considerations of how present and future generations can live within the limits of the natural world*

Mahaffy, Matlin, Holme, MacKellar, "Systems Thinking for Education about the Molecular Basis of Sustainability," (2019), 2, 362–370.

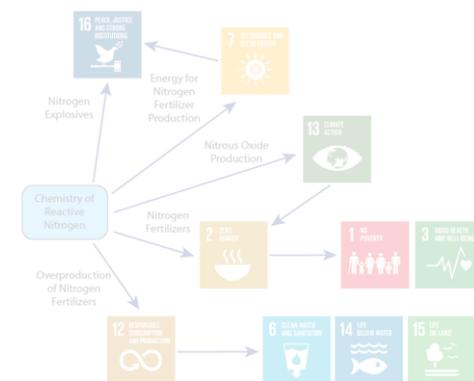
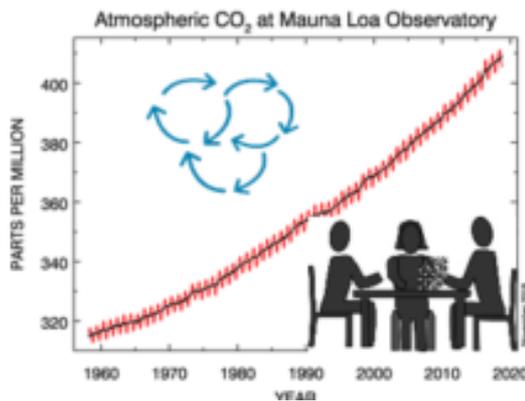
nature
sustainability



Systems thinking in Chemistry Education



ST tools and boundaries: SOCMEs

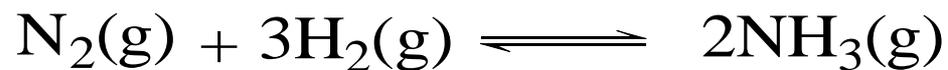
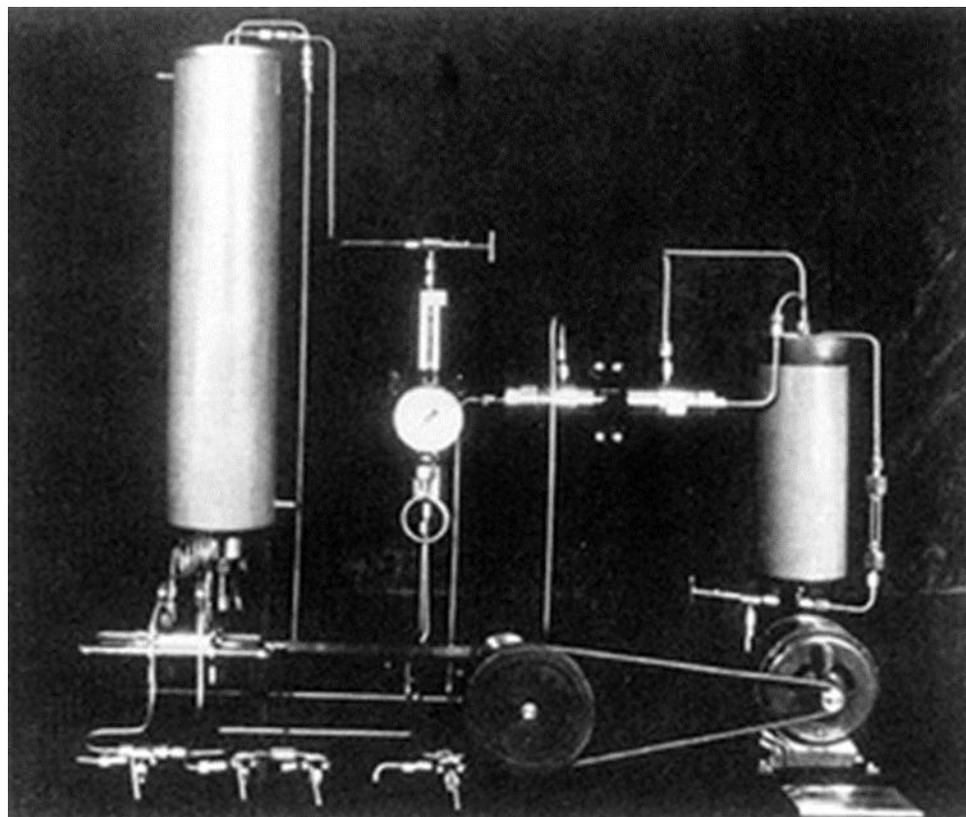


Molecular Basis of Sustainability

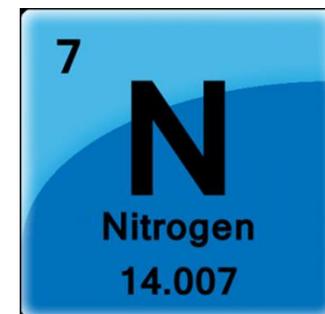


Next Steps for STICE

The most important technological invention of the 20th Century?



Haber-Bosch Process

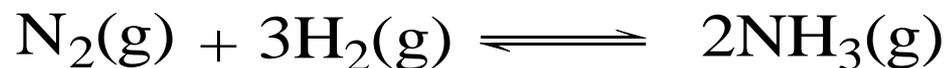


The most important technological invention of the 20th Century?

“When you travel in Hunan or Jiangsu, through the Nile Delta or the manicured landscapes of Java, remember that the children running around or leading docile water buffalo got their body proteins via the urea their parents spread on the fields, **from the Haber–Bosch synthesis of ammonia. Without this, almost two-fifths of the world’s population would not be here** - and our dependence will only increase as the global count moves from six to nine or ten billion people.”

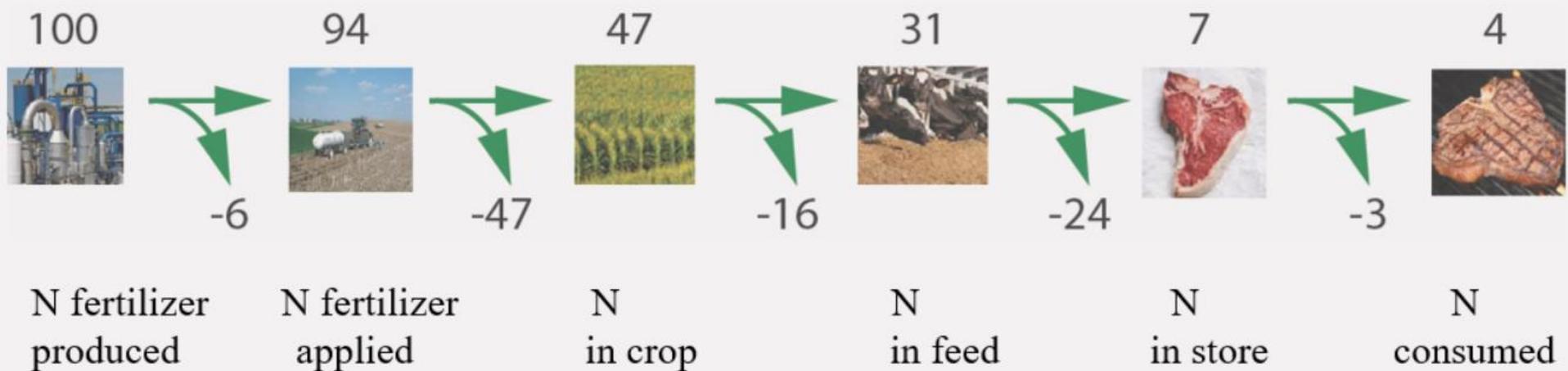
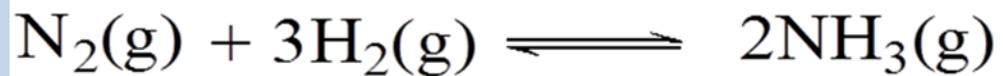


Vaclav Smil
University of Manitoba





Yet, a Failure of Systems Thinking in Chem?

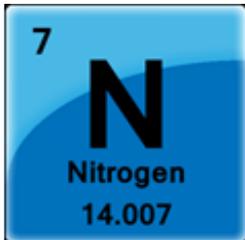


And a Failure of Systems Thinking in Chem Ed?

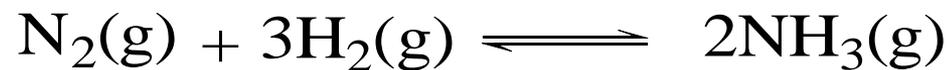
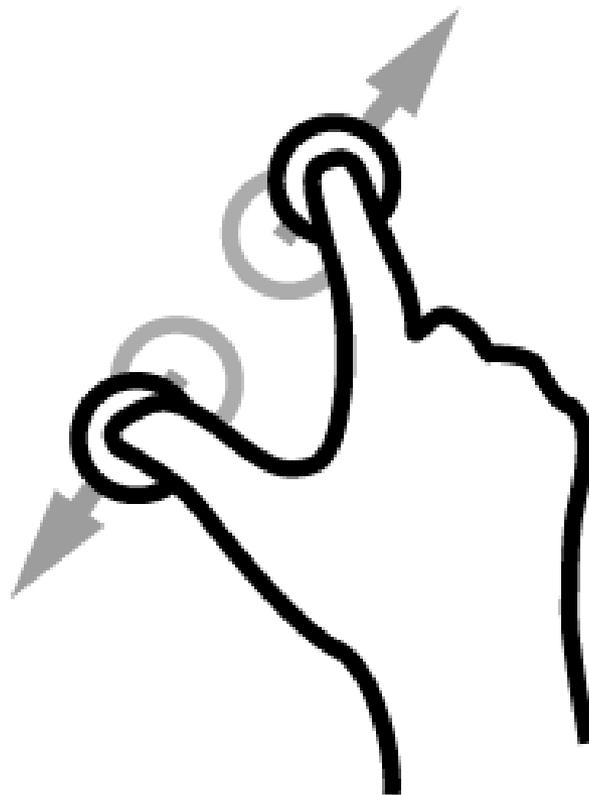
- Texts show ammonia synthesis in equilibrium chapter, often with a (sanitized) sidebar on Haber, Nobel laureate
- Classroom treatment and assessment focuses on mathematical calculations related to changing concentrations and pressures (ICE tables?)
- No connection usually made between this chemical reaction and either the survival of 40% of our planet's human beings or the threat to our planetary boundaries of our massive fixed nitrogen footprint.

Fritz Haber was a German chemist who received the Nobel Prize in Chemistry in 1918 for his invention of the Haber-Bosch process, the method used in industry to synthesize ammonia from nitrogen and hydrogen gases.



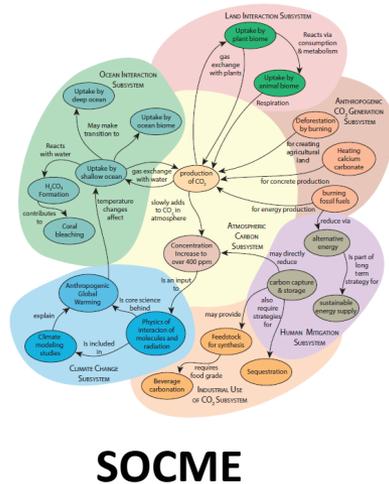


How might this change with a systems thinking framework?



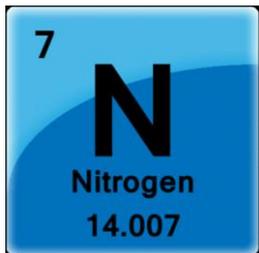
Systems-Oriented Concept Map Extensions (SOCMEs)

- Tools to visualize the interconnections among system components
- Set boundaries of focus, based on Learning Outcomes (LO) for a topic, course or program
- Can facilitate seeing emergent behavior and change over time and cause-effect relationships



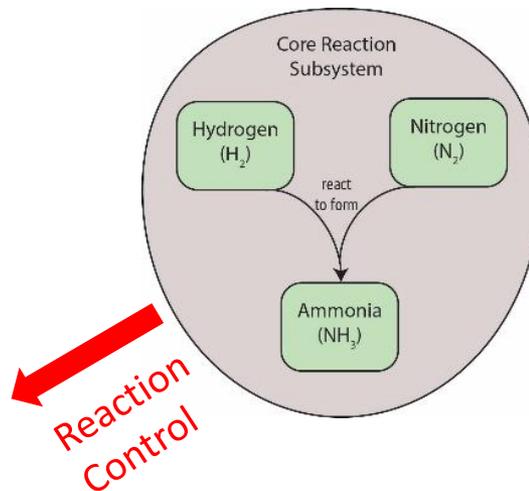
Tom Holme
Iowa State



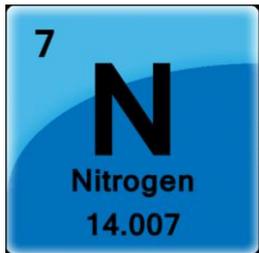


System-Oriented Concept Map Extension (SOCME):

Choosing the system boundaries
to extend the picture to the level
desired



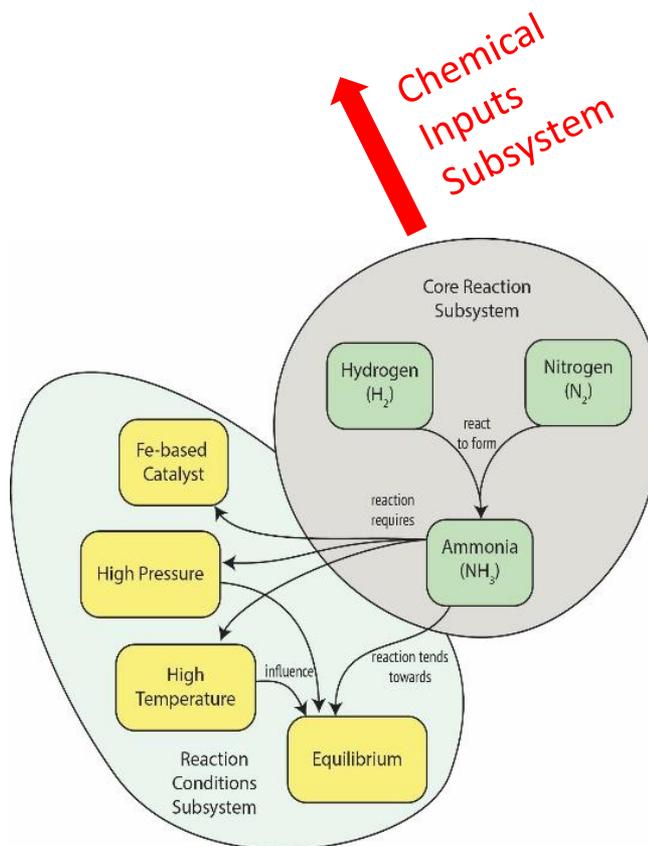
Kinetics: Requires a
catalyst and T above
350 °C to form NH₃ at a
practical rate.

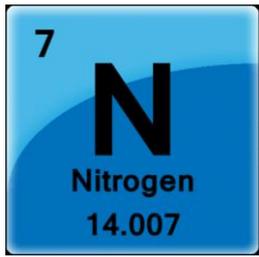


System-Oriented Concept Map

Extension (SOCME):

Choosing the system boundaries to extend the picture to the level desired





Marc Whalen
Dalhousie Univ., Canada

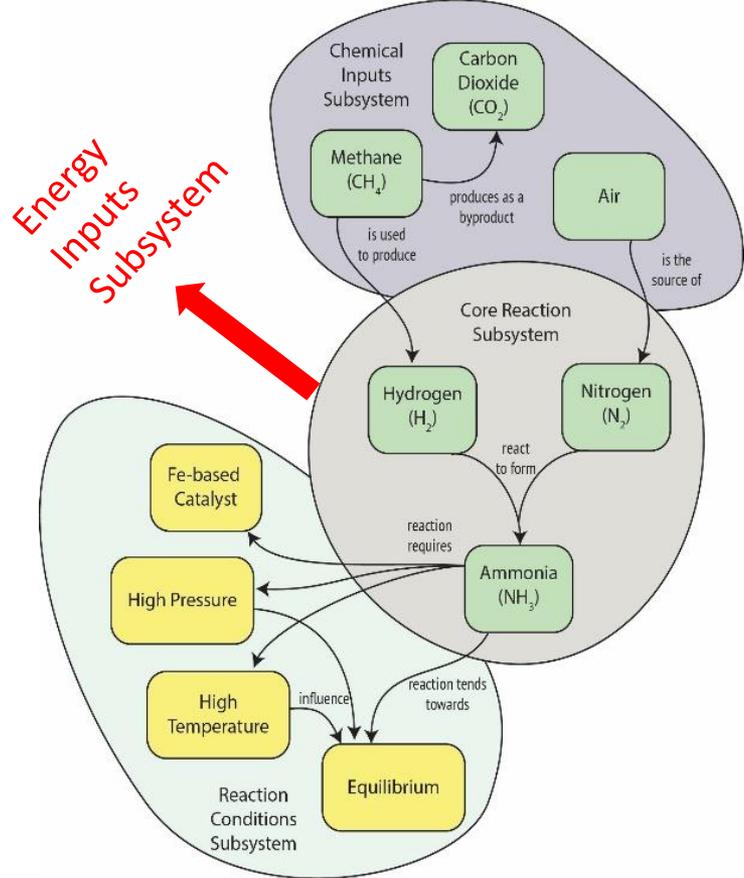
H₂ starts from CH₄ (steam reforming/ water-gas shift)

To produce 1 kg NH₃

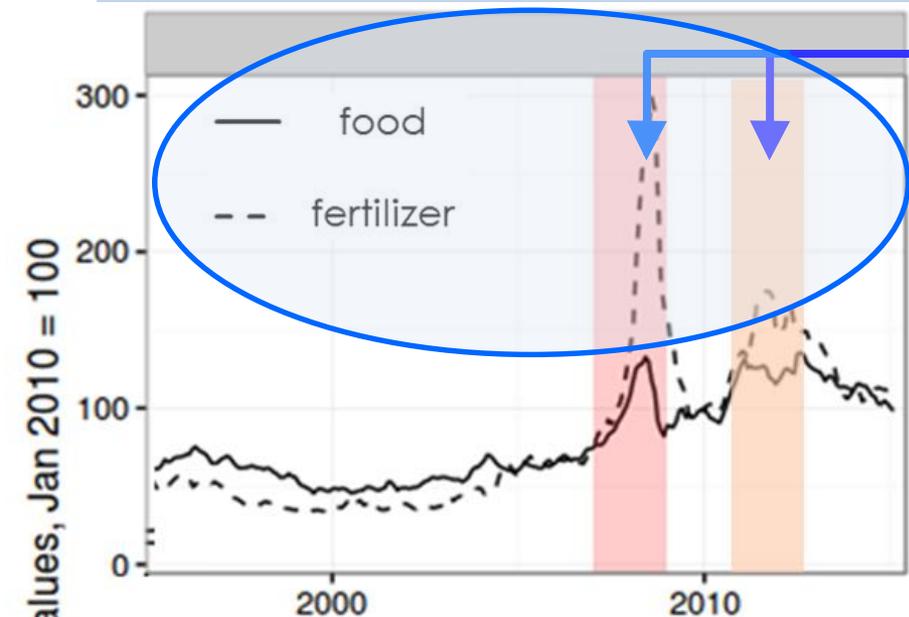
- 3 kg CH₄ is consumed
- 3.5 kg CO₂ is formed

80% of the cost of NH₃ is the cost of natural gas

Haber-Bosch Process uses ~ 2% of total annual energy supply

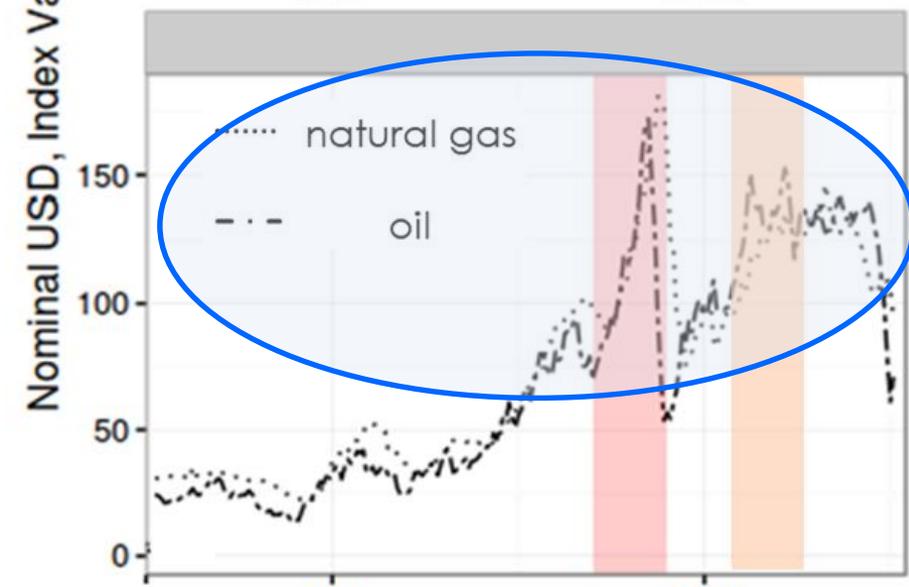


Food and Energy Systems: Natural Gas, Fertilizer and Food Prices are Connected



price spikes 2008 & 2011

- Nitrogen fertilizers are the highest single operating cost for U.S. farmers
- U.S. produced 40% of the world's corn in 2008.

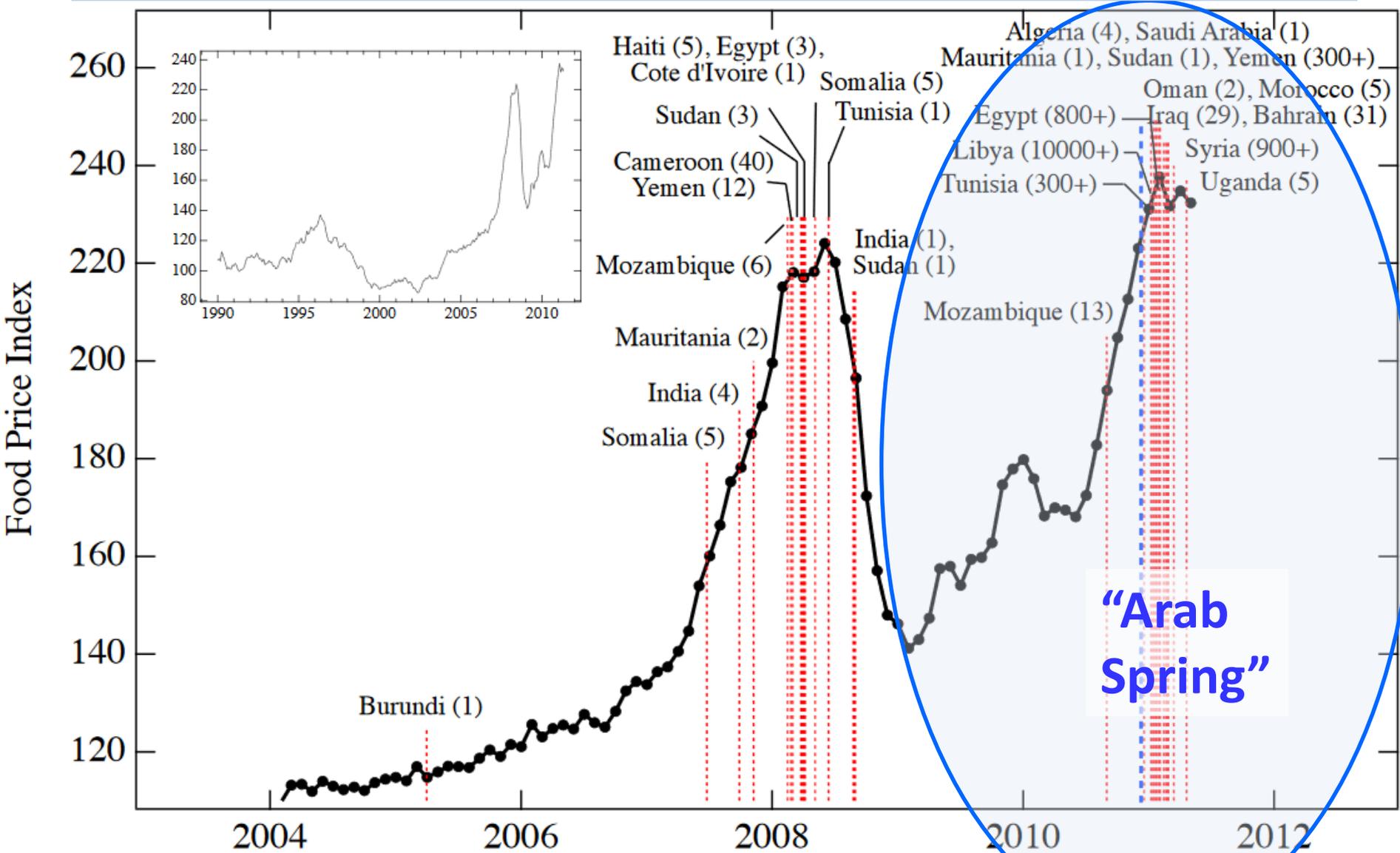


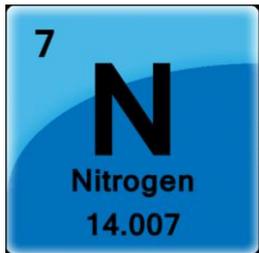
H. Gnutzmann et al. *SSRN Electronic Journal* (September 2016).

W. Huang, USDA 2007. www.ers.usda.gov/publications/wrs0702/

S. Mueller et al. *Biomass and Bioenergy* **2011**, 35, 1623-32.

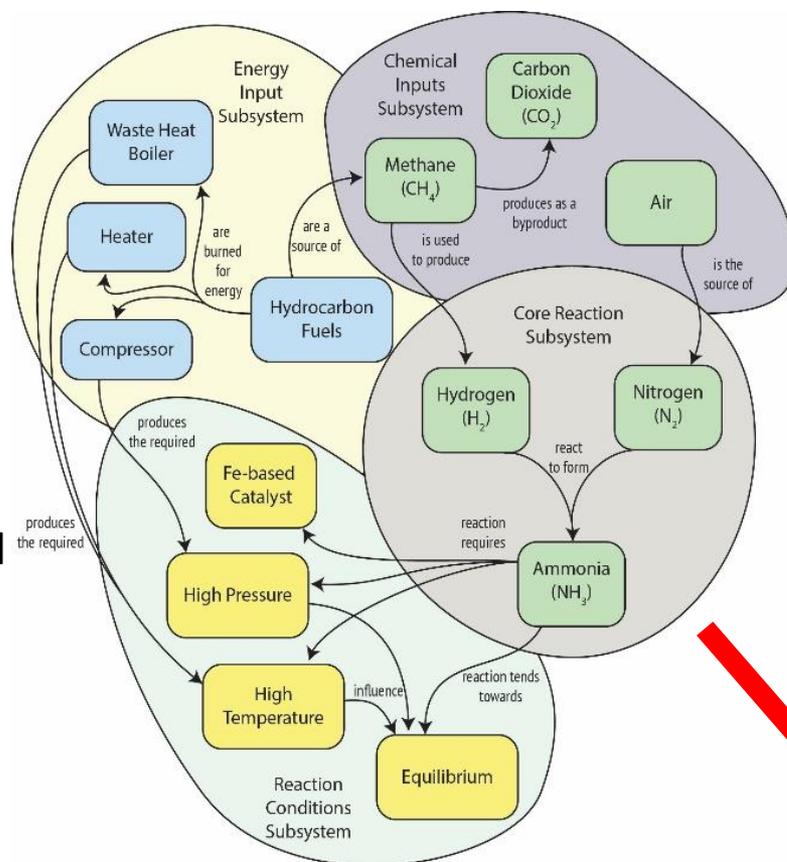
Food Security and Political Unrest: 2008 and 2011 price spikes (red)





System-Oriented Concept Map Extension (SOCME):

Choosing the system boundaries to extend the picture to the level desired

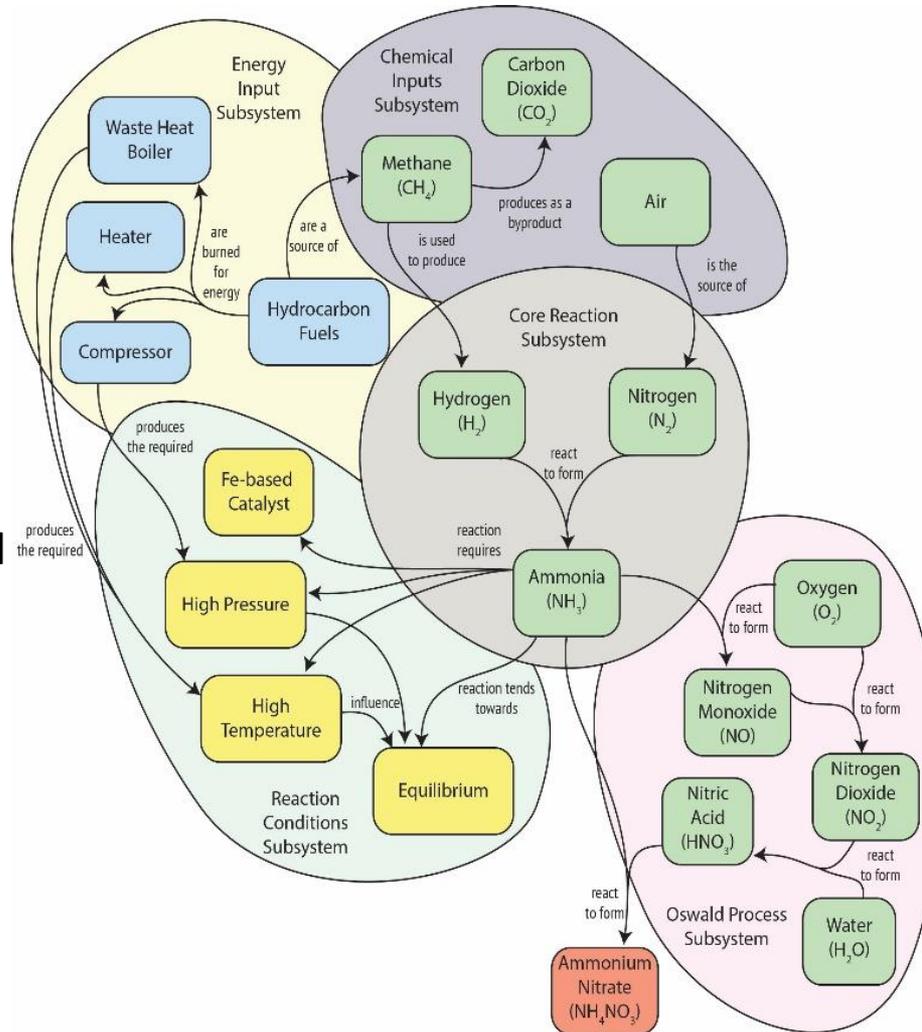


Oswald
 Process
 (HNO_3)
 Subsystem



System-Oriented Concept Map Extension (SOCME):

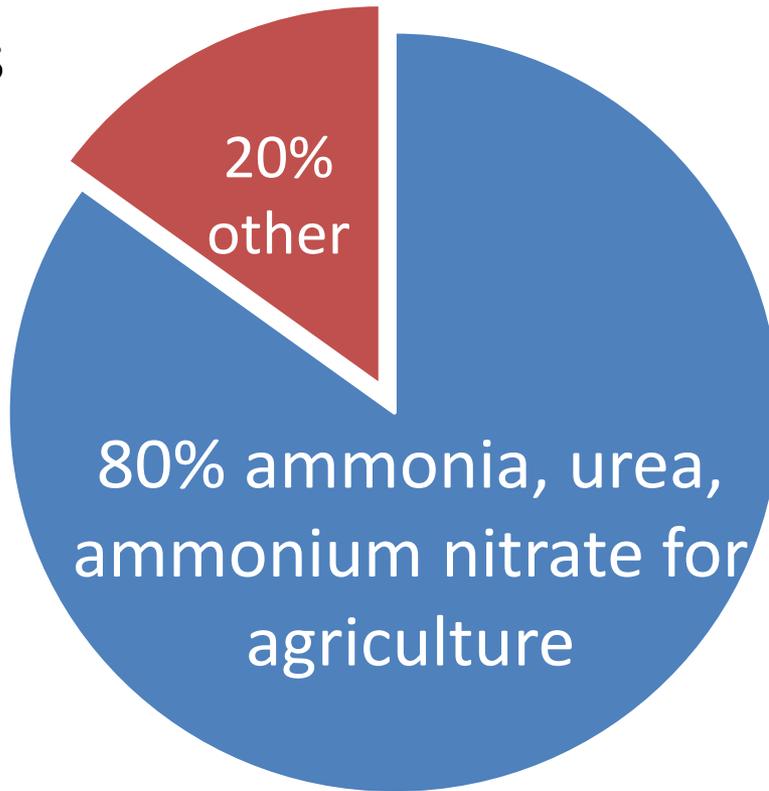
Choosing the system boundaries to extend the picture to the level desired



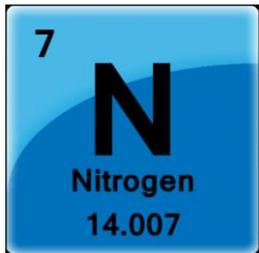
Intended
 Uses
 Subsystem

180 million tons NH_3 produced globally in 2018

Uses

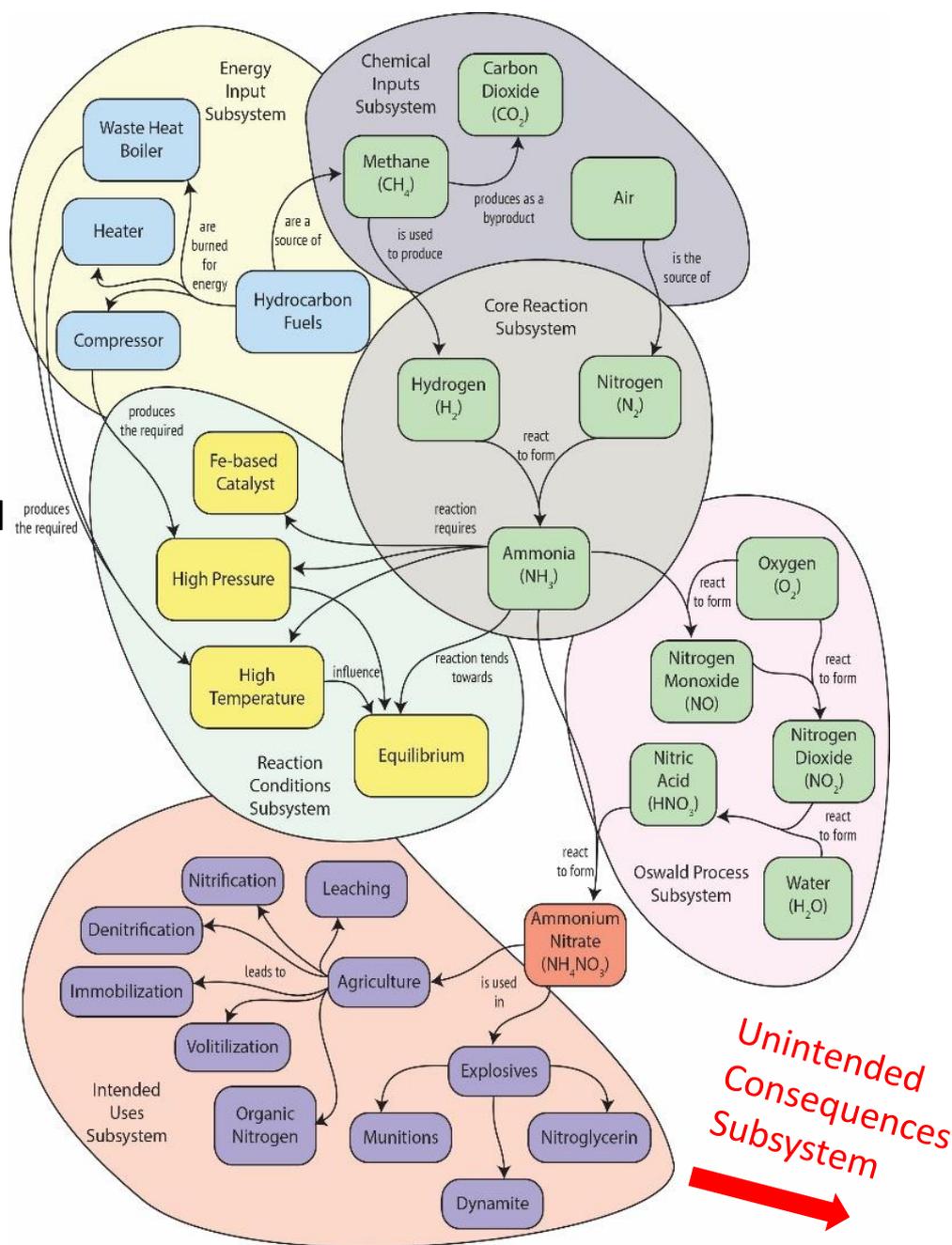


Industrial fertilizers to increase crop yields for globally traded food commodities (corn, rice, wheat).



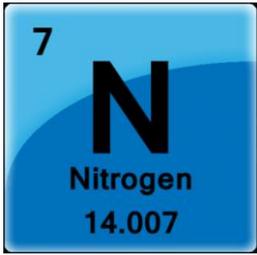
System-Oriented Concept Map Extension (SOCME):

Choosing the system boundaries to extend the picture to the level desired

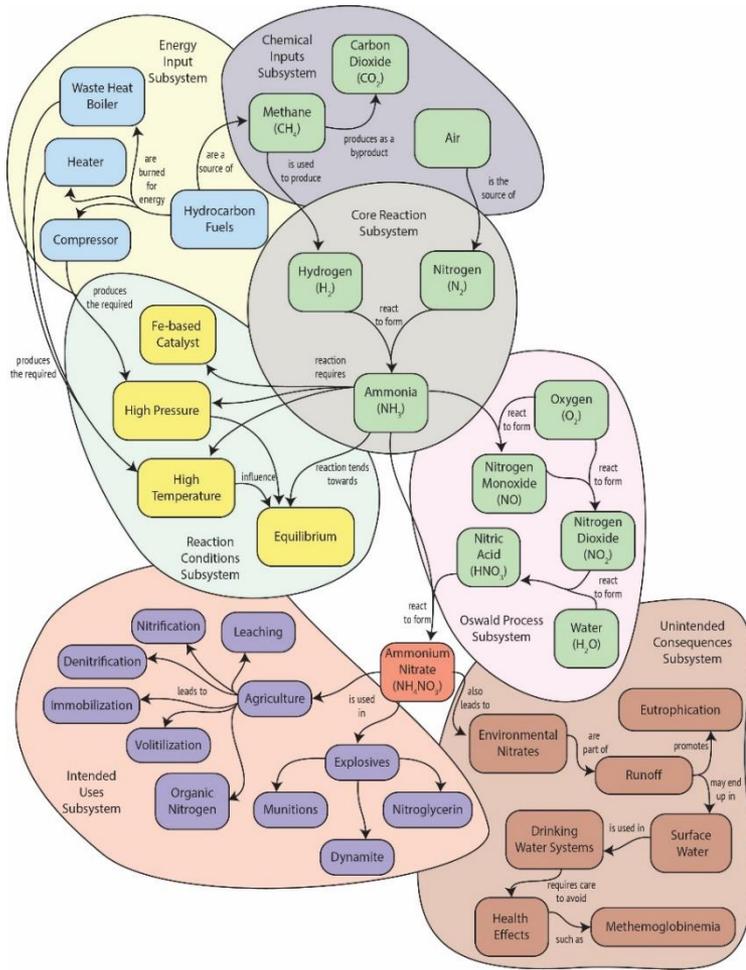




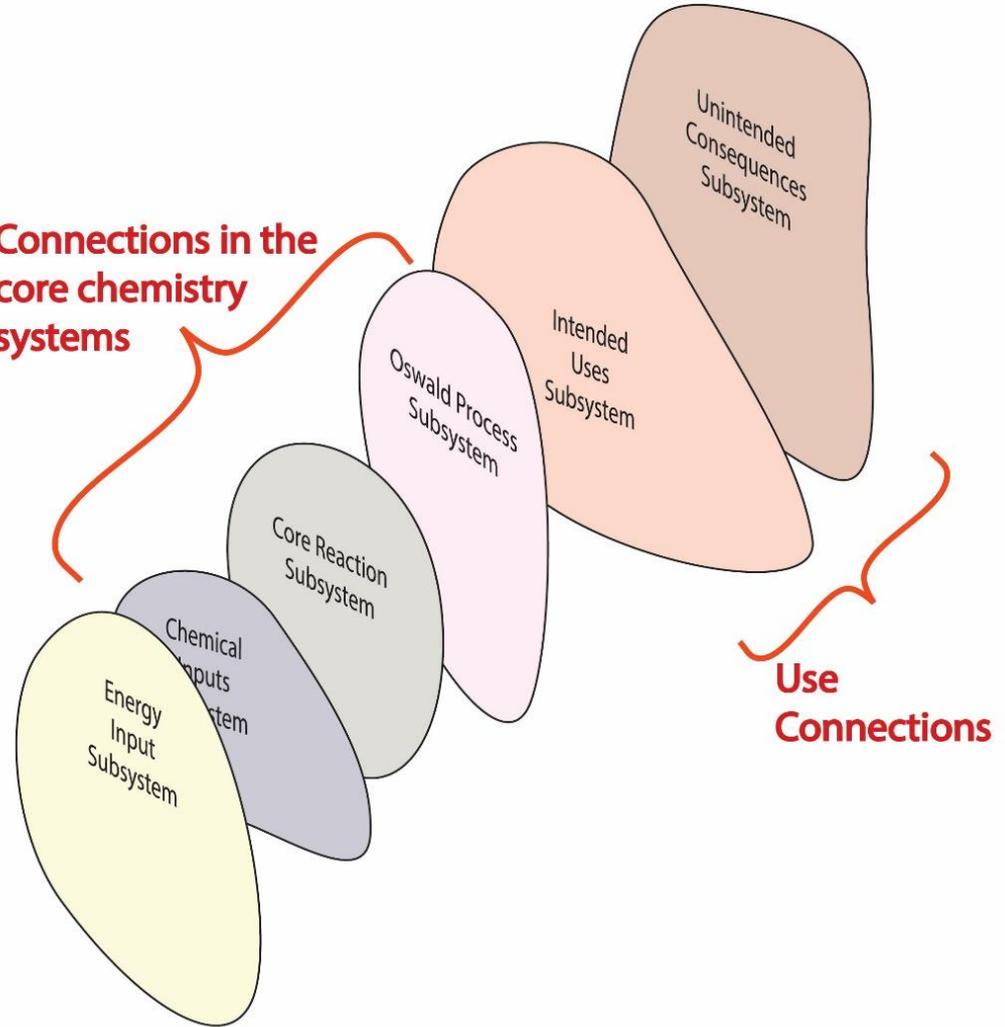
NASA satellite image

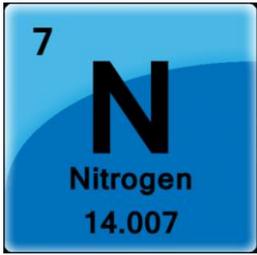


Sub-system connections

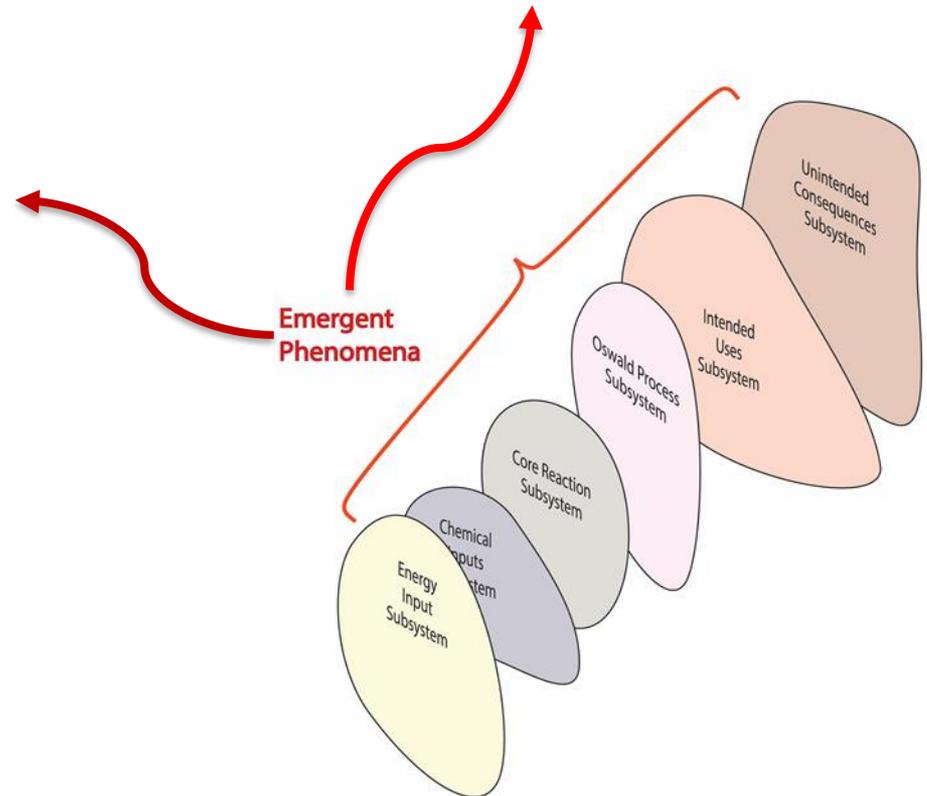
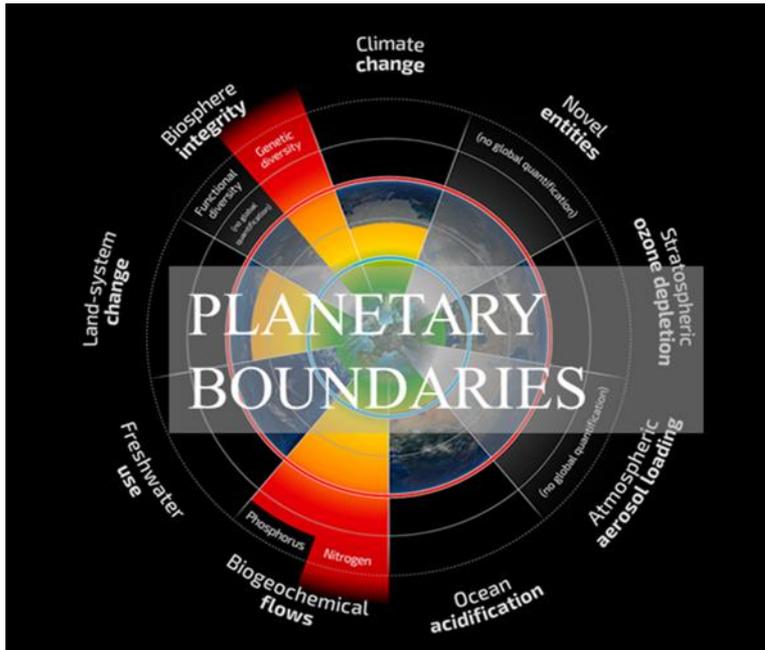


Connections in the core chemistry systems

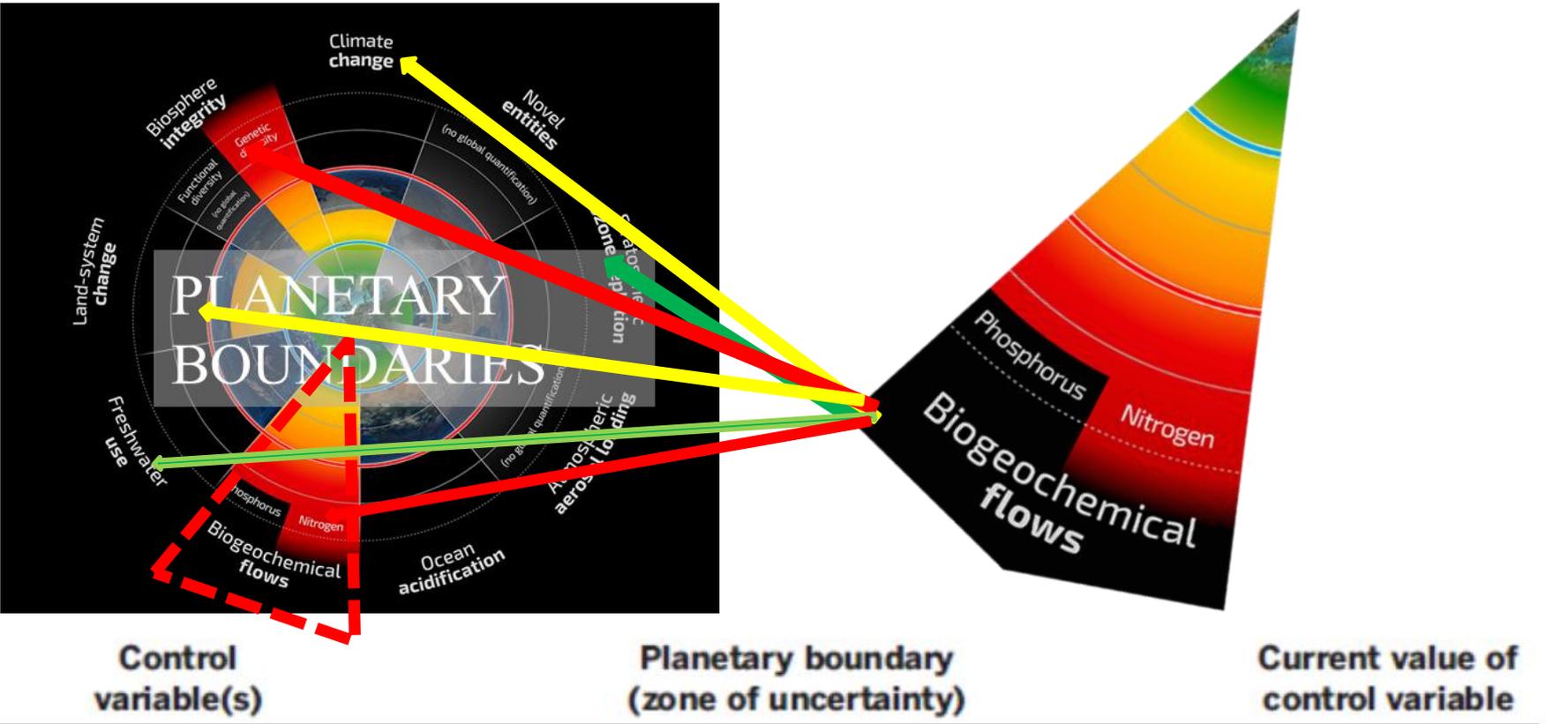




Emergent phenomena



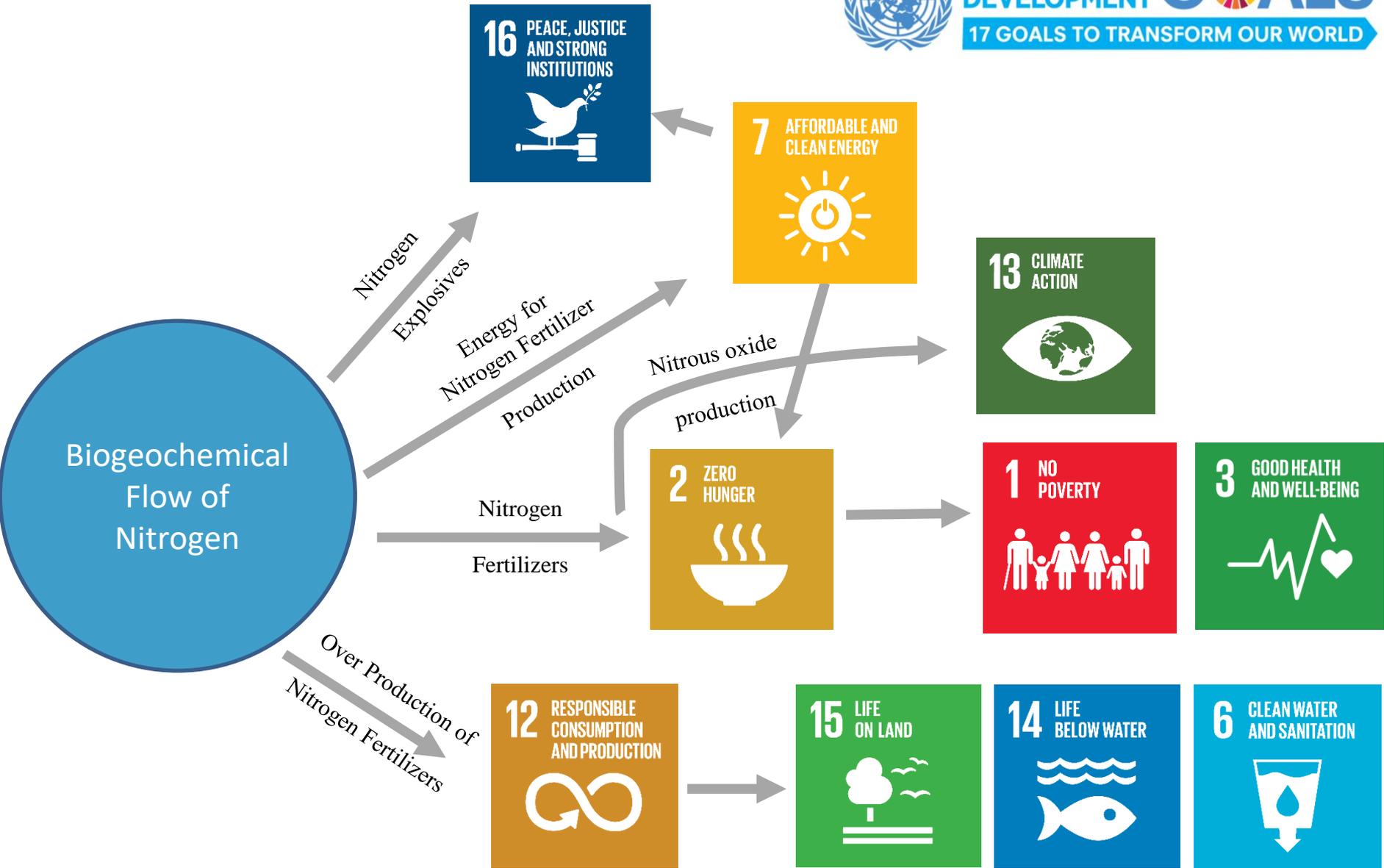
Nitrogen and its Compounds

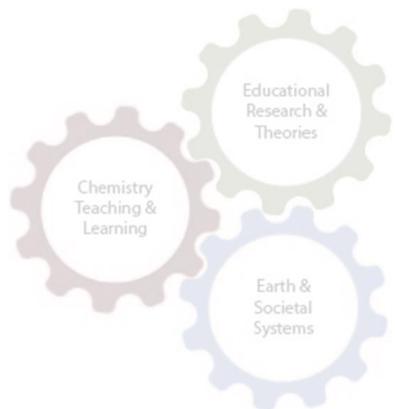


N Global: Industrial and intentional biological fixation of N

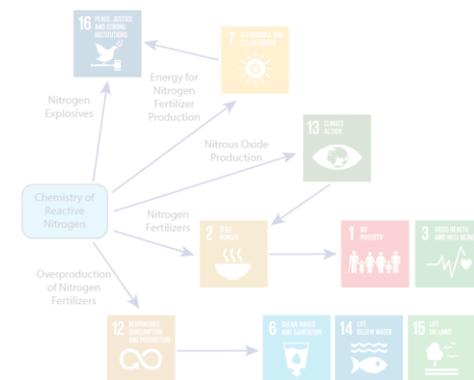
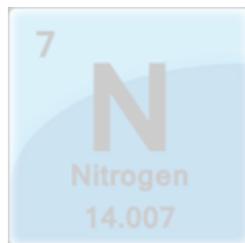
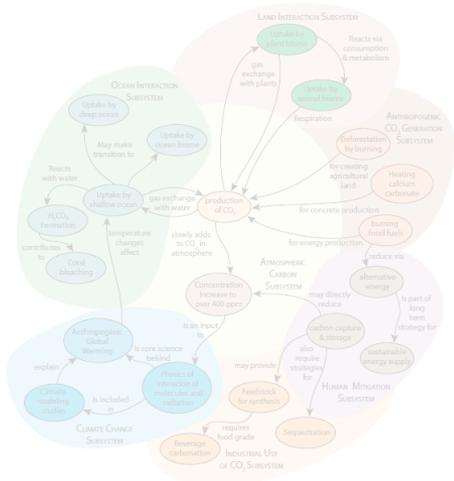
62 Tg N yr⁻¹ (62–82 Tg N yr⁻¹). Boundary acts as a global 'valve' limiting introduction of new reactive N to Earth System, but regional distribution of fertilizer N is critical for impacts.

~150 Tg N yr⁻¹

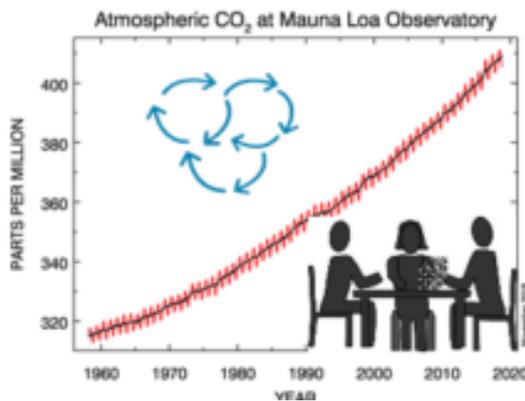




Systems thinking in Chemistry Education



Molecular Basis of Sustainability



ST tools and boundaries: SOCMEs

Next Steps for STICE



STICE Future Directions

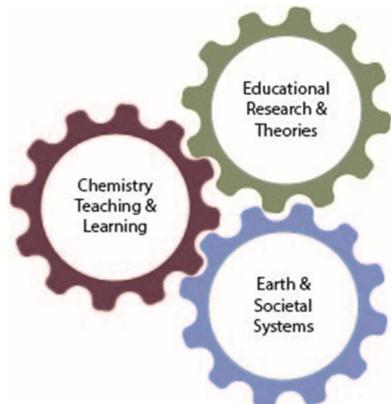


- Resourcing chemistry educators and students
 - Learning theories perspective
 - Connection to curriculum and program standards
 - Define & explore STICE-related learning outcomes (LO)
 - Develop activities and assessments aligned with STICE LO
 - Develop, pilot, implement, and sustainably scale educator training opportunities.
 - Open access virtual user community
- Chemistry Education research related to STICE
 - Cognitive, affective aspects, assessment
- Examining who stands to benefit from a STICE approach

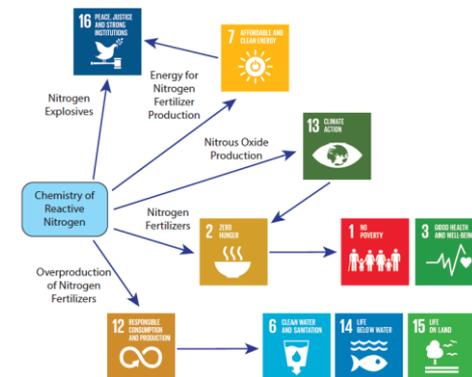


Follow-on IUPAC STICE Project

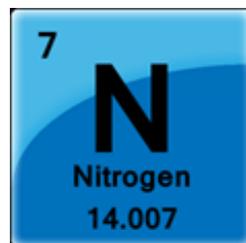
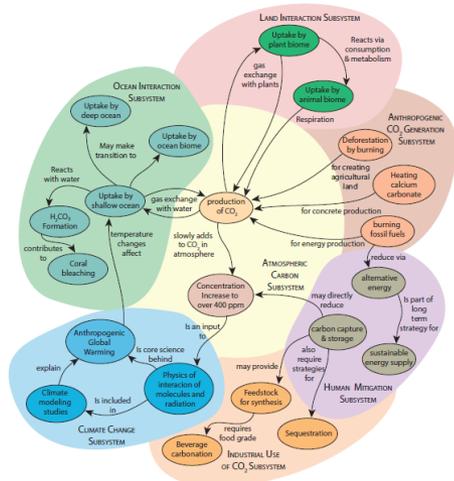
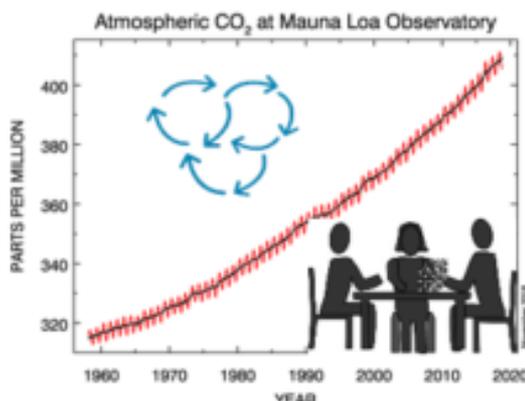
- Consensus of project committee - we should propose to IUPAC a STICE V2.0
- IUPAC is the right framework to bring a global group of chemistry education thought leaders together.
- Other partners will be needed to resource the project (IOCD, UNESCO, European framework, etc.)
- Some members of the project group will provide continuity, new members from within and outside of IUPAC CCE will be sought.
- Please let us know if you have an interest in participating.
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Systems thinking in Chemistry Education



Molecular Basis of Sustainability



ST tools and boundaries: SOCMEs

Next Steps for STICE

Acknowledgements

- IUPAC World Chemistry Congress Organizing Committee
- IUPAC STICE Project steering group and ESS Node

Thank You!



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